



DELINQUENCY INTAKE

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In FY 2007-08, Delinquency Intake processed 89,776 youth representing 144,705 delinquency referrals (unduplicated). This represents a 10% drop from five years prior (99,634 youth) compared to the overall increasing population of youth at risk (up by 7% over the same period).

Of those youth referred 38% had a felony offense as their most serious presenting offense.

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Findings are pulled from the Florida Delinquency Profile, an online publication that can be downloaded at the link below. In addition to Intake data, detailed information on diversion, probation, commitment, transfers to adult court and other topics at the state, judicial circuit and county levels are available from the Profile, which serves as the Department's primary annual reference document for descriptive statistics on delinquency referrals and youth referred. The Delinquency Profile can be downloaded at:

http://www.djj.state.fl.us/Research/Delinquency_Profile/index.html

Profile of Youth

A total of 89,776 youth were referred to DJJ during FY 2007-08, presenting 144,705 delinquency referrals (unduplicated). The largest percentage of youth referred were males (69%), white (44%), and were age 14 or under (27%) at the time of their most serious referral.

Intake is the entry point for all juveniles referred to the Florida Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) for delinquent acts and is a responsibility of the Probation and Community Interventions services. A referral is similar to an arrest in the adult criminal justice system. Youth under age 18 who are charged with a crime are referred to DJJ. The purpose of the intake process is to assess a youth's risks and needs to determine the most appropriate treatment and intervention plan. Each youth referred is assigned a juvenile probation officer (JPO), who must conduct a face-to-face intake conference with the youth and his or her parents or guardian to gather information and assess the juvenile's service needs. The Department provides a recommendation to the state attorney and the juvenile court regarding appropriate sanctions and services. The recommendation is based on information from the arresting law enforcement officer and interviews with the victim, the youth and his or her family, and other sources (e.g. teachers).

Data in this chapter are presented based on the most serious offense for which a youth was referred during FY 2007-08.

Trends are discussed and findings of note are brought forward.

DELINQUENCY INTAKE

Delinquency Intake

	AGE					Youth Served
	0-7	8 - 11	12 - 14	15 - 17	18+	
Statewide	105	2,394	21,525	63,288	2,464	89,776
Percentage	<1%	3%	24%	70%	3%	100%

	GENDER/RACE						Youth Served
	Male			Female			
	White	Black	Other	White	Black	Other	
Statewide	26,111	24,450	11,102	12,992	11,274	3,847	89,776
Percentage	29%	27%	12%	14%	13%	4%	100%

Listing by Judicial Circuit

The following table provides a listing of intake centers currently in operation. The Department's quality assurance process only assesses the Juvenile Assessment Centers that provide an intake function for the Department. Others are operated by the Department of Juvenile Justice and are evaluated with the Circuit or are funded to provide security only.

Juvenile Assessment Center QA Performance Rankings

Rank	Circuit	Program Name	County	QA Score
Juvenile Assessment Centers				
1	2	Leon Juvenile Assessment Center ¹	Leon	91%
2	13	Hillsborough Juvenile Assessment Center ¹	Hillsborough	90%
3	10	Polk Juvenile Assessment Center - HSA Screening	Polk	89%
4	11	Miami-Dade Juvenile Assessment Center	Miami-Dade	86%
4	5	Marion Juvenile Assessment Center ¹	Marion	86%
6	7	Volusia Juvenile Assessment Center	Volusia	83%
6	12	Manatee Juvenile Assessment Center	Manatee	82%
6	6	Juvenile Assessment Center/Pasco Detention Screening ¹	Pasco	82%
7	12	Sarasota Juvenile Assessment Center	Sarasota	79%
8	18	Crosswinds Detention Screening	Brevard	76%
9	19	St. Lucie Juvenile Assessment Center	St. Lucie	74%
10	8	HSA Screening	Alachua	67%
11	1	Pensacola Juvenile Assessment Center	Escambia	63%
-	9	First Step Adolescent Services Detention Screening ²	Orange	-

¹ Program received a one day review and the Deemed Status score was carried over for 2006. Deemed Status is eliminated for 2007.

² Program not reviewed.

Statewide Delinquency Youth Referral Rates

Youth between the ages of 10 and 17 are considered the population most at-risk of becoming delinquent. During FY 2007-08, there were more than 1.91 million youth at-risk for delinquency in Florida. In this same year, 89,776 youth were referred to the Department for a delinquent offense. This represents a delinquency rate of 47 youth referred per 1,000 among the at-risk population. Between FY 2003-04 and FY 2007-08, the population at-risk grew by 7% however, the number of youth referred to DJJ decreased by ten percent. This represents a 16% drop in the delinquency rate from 56 to 47 youth referred per 1,000 youth at-risk in the population.

Statewide Delinquency Youth Referrals and Rates From FY 2003-04 through FY 2007-08

	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Intake Rates of Youth Referred by Population					
Youth Referred	99,634	95,189	94,201	91,464	89,776
Pop. 10-17	1,787,197	1,820,330	1,870,773	1,896,228	1,917,765
Rate per 1,000 At-Risk Youth	56	52	50	48	47

Youth Referred by Offense Seriousness

During FY 2007-08, a misdemeanor was the most serious offense for the majority of youth (55%) referred to the Department. Thirty-eight percent of the youth were referred for felony offenses while less than 7% were referred for other offenses. The “other offense” category includes violations of probation or conditional release, cases reopened, cases transferred to other counties, and interstate compact cases. Misdemeanor offenses have historically represented the most common offense category for which youth are referred to DJJ. Over the last five fiscal years, the number of youth referred for felony offenses and misdemeanor offenses has dropped by 10% and 8%, respectively. During the same period, the number of youth referred for “other” offenses declined by fourteen percent.

Statewide Youth Referred by the Most Serious Offense Type From FY 2003-04 through FY 2007-08

	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Seriousness of Offenses (by Classification)					
Felonies	37,462	36,587	37,633	37,454	34,287
Misdemeanors	54,941	51,019	49,451	47,819	49,237
Other Offenses	7,231	7,583	7,117	6,191	6,252
Total Youth	99,634	95,189	94,201	91,464	89,776

Person Offenses

Overall, person offenses declined by 10% between FY 2003-04 and FY 2007-08 (from 37,515 to 33,615). The majority of person offenses during FY 2007-08 involved misdemeanor assault/battery (18,770) followed by aggravated assault/battery (8,542), which is a felony. Although there was an overall reduction in person offenses, some felony person offenses increased substantially. Murder/manslaughter increased from 84 to 130 (a 55% increase). Armed robbery also increased from 708 to 1,434 offenses during this five-year period (a 103% increase).

Statewide Delinquency Youth Referrals of Person Offenses From FY 2003-04 through FY 2007-08

	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Person Offenses					
Murder/Manslaughter (F)	84	93	99	124	130
Attempted Murder/Manslaughter (F)	46	47	79	86	69
Sexual Battery (F)	795	794	741	686	632
Other Felony Sex Offense (F)	1,216	1,152	1,094	904	837
Armed Robbery (F)	708	723	1,022	1,328	1,434
Other Robbery (F)	1,295	1,318	1,518	1,764	1,933
Aggravated Assault/Battery (F)	10,091	10,307	10,380	9,880	8,542
Resisting Arrest with Violence (F)	408	396	380	378	375
Shoot/Throw Deadly Missile (F)	989	875	940	893	733
Assault/Battery (M)	21,654	21,297	21,201	20,090	18,770
Other Misdemeanor Sex Offense (M)	229	194	197	139	160
Total Referrals	37,515	37,196	37,651	36,272	33,615

(F) = Felony (M) = Misdemeanor

Property Offenses

During FY 2007-08, there were 43,063 referrals for property offenses, a two percent increase over the previous year. Misdemeanor theft (19,938 referrals) was the most common offense, accounting for 46% of all property offenses. Burglary was the next most common offense with 11,100 referrals during FY 2007-08. Grand Larceny, which is a felony, increased from 3,257 to 4,592 between FY 2003-04 and FY 2007-08 (a 41% increase).

**Statewide Delinquency Youth Referrals of Property Offenses
From FY 2003-04 through FY 2007-08**

	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Property Offenses					
Arson (F)	400	362	354	354	290
Burglary (F)	13,217	12,729	12,674	13,395	11,100
Auto Theft (F)	3,132	3,045	3,074	3,096	2,744
Concealed Firearm (F)	207	264	383	482	543
Grand Larceny (F)	3,257	3,029	3,467	4,089	4,592
Receive Stolen Property (F)	312	254	336	327	350
Forgery (F)	476	426	406	392	384
Misdemeanor Theft (M)	21,480	18,793	16,994	16,986	19,938
Receiving Stolen Property	2	1	4	11	49
Vandalism (M)	3,453	3,039	3,240	3,377	3,073
Total Referrals	45,936	41,942	40,932	42,509	43,063

(F) = Felony (M) = Misdemeanor

Substance-Related Offenses

During FY 2007-08, there were 16,806 referrals for drug and alcohol offenses. Marijuana misdemeanor offenses accounted for just over half the total number of drug and alcohol referrals. The most serious type of drug offense, non-marijuana felonies, accounted for 3,606 or 21% of all drug and alcohol referrals. Referrals for non-marijuana felonies declined substantially last year (from 4,519 to 3,605). During the last five years the total number of drug and alcohol offenses decreased two percent.

**Statewide Delinquency Youth Referrals of Substance-Related Offenses
From FY 2003-04 through FY 2007-08**

	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Substance-Related Referrals					
Felony Non-Marijuana Drug Offenses (F)	3,783	4,009	4,337	4,519	3,605
Felony Marijuana (F)	1,444	1,368	1,487	1,414	1,414
Misdemeanor Marijuana (M)	8,582	8,326	8,822	8,384	8,907
Drug Paraphernalia (M)	1,079	887	806	875	824
Other Misdemeanor Drug Offense (M)	99	86	57	78	110
Possess Alcohol (M)	2,150	1,735	1,839	1,894	1,894
Other Alcohol (M)	85	74	78	81	52
Total Referrals	17,222	16,485	17,426	17,245	16,806

(F) = Felony (M) = Misdemeanor

DELINQUENCY INTAKE

Program Expenditures

The following table provides total state versus federal expenditures for intake services and includes self-reported federal expenditures from private provider organizations. The source documents from which these amounts were derived are as follows: Florida Accounting Information Resource Report at Level 2 for period July 1, 2007 - June 30, 2008; Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008; and program cost affidavits submitted by private provider organizations. The first two sources are submitted to the Florida Department of Financial Services and used by the State Auditor General's Office for their audit of the Department's expenditures of federal funds.

State and Federal Expenditures FY 2007-078

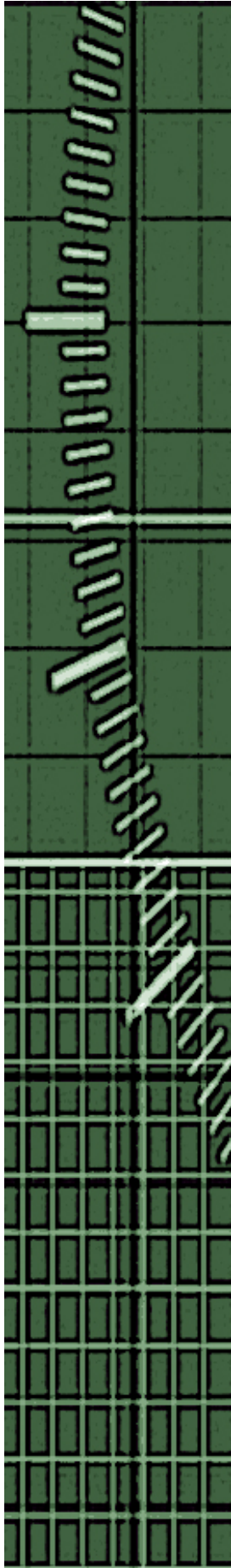
CONTRACT PROVIDER PROGRAM NAME	Contract #	STATE FUNDING			FEDERAL FUNDING			TOTAL	
		DJJ Contract Expenditures	Other State Expenditures	Total State Expenditures	Medicaid	National School Lunch	Other Federal Expenditures		Total Federal Expenditures
Agency for Community Treatment Services									
Hillsborough Juvenile Assessment Center	M8J01	1,005,758	451,446	1,457,204	0	0	0	0	1,457,204
Manatee Juvenile Assessment Center	P2023	259,345	0	259,345	0	0	0	0	259,345
David Lawrence									
Juvenile Assessment Center - Collier	U8K02	96,000	0	96,000	0	0	0	0	96,000
DISC Village, Inc.									
DISC Village Screening - Leon JAC	P2020	455,350	54,844	510,194	0	0	0	0	510,194
First Step Adolescent Services, Inc.									
First Step Adolescent Services Detention Screening	I8J01	18,485	0	18,485	0	0	0	0	18,485
Human Services Association									
HSA Screening Circuit 8	H6I02	354,593	0	354,593	0	0	0	0	354,593
Juvenile Services Screening Circuit 9	P2038	334,647	0	334,647	0	0	0	0	334,647
Juvenile Services Screening Circuit 15	O8K02	210,639	0	210,639	0	0	0	0	210,639
Polk Juvenile Assessment Center - HSA Screening	X1414	510,240	370,274	880,514	0	0	0	0	880,514
St. Lucie Juvenile Assessment Center Circuit 19	T8K01	309,310	0	309,310	0	0	0	0	309,310
Juvenile Services Program									
Juvenile Assessment Center - Broward ¹	X1459/P2026	588,882	0	588,882	0	0	0	0	588,882
JAC - Brevard	P2026	233,686	0	233,686	0	0	0	0	233,686
Miami Dade Police Department									
Miami-Dade Juvenile Assessment Center	K5K01	744,444	0	744,444	0	0	0	0	744,444
Operation PAR, Inc.									
Juvenile Assessment Center	P2025	366,720	455,907	822,627	0	0	0	0	822,627
Pasco County Sheriff's Office									
JAC/Pasco Detention Screening	X1307	205,739	0	205,739	0	10,115	0	10,115	215,854
Sarasota County Government									
Sarasota Juvenile Assessment Center (JAC)	X1337	201,600	0	201,600	0	0	74,812	74,812	276,412
Seminole County Sheriff's Office									
Juvenile Assessment Center	X1441	211,386	0	211,386	0	0	0	0	211,386
Stewart Marchman, Inc.									
Volusia County JAC	G5I02	244,542	0	244,542	0	0	0	0	244,542
The Centers									
The Centers Juvenile Assessment Center	P2022	136,905	0	136,905	0	0	0	0	136,905
Programs that closed									
The Centers									
The Centers Detention Screening Circuit 5 - Marion JAC ²	X1138	145,819	0	145,819	0	0	0	0	145,819
TOTAL		\$6,634,089	\$1,332,471	\$7,966,560	\$0	\$10,115	\$74,812	\$84,927	\$8,051,487

Sources: Florida Department of Juvenile Justice, Office of Administration, Finance & Accounting
Provider self-reported funding excluding DJJ Contract expenditures.

Unknown indicates the funding was not available at the time this report was submitted.

¹ Juvenile Services Program contract X1459 ended 4/30/2008 at Broward Juvenile Assessment Center

² The Centers Detention Screening Circuit 5 - Marion JAC is closed



DETENTION SERVICES

Detention is the custody status for youth who are held pursuant to a court order or following arrest for a violation of the law. In Florida, a youth may be detained only when specific statutory criteria, outlined in section 985.215, Florida Statutes, are met. Criteria for detention include current offenses, prior history, legal status, and any aggravating or mitigating factors. The Florida Legislature placed restrictions on the use of detention through intent language that is outlined in Section 985.02, Florida Statutes. The Department's detention screening staff builds the decision to place a youth in secure or home detention on an assessment of risk using the Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (DRAI). The Department in agreement with representatives appointed by the Conference of Circuit Judges, the

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There are 2,057 secure detention beds currently in operation in the State of Florida.

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Prosecuting Attorneys Association, the Public Defenders Association, the Florida Sheriff's Association, and the Florida Association of Chiefs of Police developed this instrument in accordance with Section 985.213, F.S. In 2006, the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (JJDP) State Advisory Group approved funding to automate the DRAI to increase scoring accuracy, provide data for cost calculations, provide data for policy decisions, and reduce screening time.

A youth may not be held in secure or home detention for more than 24 hours without a detention review hearing. This hearing is conducted by a circuit judge who reviews the DRAI and determines whether there is probable cause to believe that the youth committed the offense and continued placement in secure detention or home detention is needed. The youth may be represented by a private attorney, a court-appointed public defender, or may waive the right to counsel at this hearing. The following is a brief definition of the two types of detention currently used in Florida:

Secure detention is the temporary care and custody of a youth within the physical confines of a detention center pending adjudication, disposition, or placement. Unlike adults, juveniles in Florida have no right to bail.

Home detention is the temporary custody of a youth while released to the physical custody of their parents, a guardian, or custodian in a physically non-restrictive environment, usually their own home, while under the supervision of DJJ pending adjudication, disposition or placement.

Profile of Youth

The following tables provide demographic data taken from the Department's Juvenile Justice Information System. Profile data are based on the number of youth, unduplicated, who were admitted to secure detention during FY 2007-08.

Secure Detention

	AGE						Youth
	0-7	8 - 11	12 - 14	15 - 17	18+	Unknown	
Statewide	0	280	5,650	21,678	2,394	0	30,002
Percentage	0%	1%	19%	72%	8%	0%	100%

	GENDER/RACE							Youth
	Male			Female			Unknown	
	White	Black	Other ¹	White	Black	Other ¹		
Statewide	7,847	11,385	4,288	2,681	2,904	897	0	30,002
Percentage	26%	38%	14%	9%	10%	3%	0%	100%

Home Detention

	AGE ¹						Youth
	0-7	8 - 11	12 - 14	15 - 17	18+	Unknown	
Statewide	9	409	4,647	14,110	754	0	19,929
Percentage	0%	2%	23%	71%	4%	0%	100%

¹This table excludes youth supervised under intensive home detention.

	GENDER/RACE ¹							Youth
	Male			Female			Unknown	
	White	Black	Other ²	White	Black	Other ²		
Statewide	5,352	7,574	2,997	1,469	1,990	547	0	19,929
Percentage	27%	38%	15%	7%	10%	3%	0%	100%

¹This table excludes youth supervised under intensive home detention.

² Includes youth whose ethnicity was identified as hispanic.

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During FY 2007-08, there were 30,002 individual youth admitted to secure detention centers in the state. During the same period, 19,929 individual youth admitted to home detention status. The majority of youth placed in detention were between 15-17 years of age.
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Detention Program Listing by Judicial Circuit

The following tables provide a listing of the twenty-six juvenile detention centers that are currently in operation. The centers are listed by judicial circuit, county, name, catchment area, and beds.

Detention Program Listings by Circuit

Circuit	County	Facility Name	County Catchment Area	Fixed Beds
1	Escambia	Escambia Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Escambia, Santa Rosa	50
1	Okaloosa	Okaloosa Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Okaloosa, Walton	50
2	Leon	Leon Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Leon, Gadsden, Jefferson, Franklin, Liberty,	56
4	Duval	Duval Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Duval, Clay, Nassau	144
5	Marion	Marion Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Marion, Citrus, Hernando, Lake, Sumter	88
6	Pasco	Pasco Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Pasco	57
6	Pinellas	Pinellas Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Pinellas	120
7	St. Johns	St. Johns Regional Juvenile Detention Center	St. Johns, Putnam	50
7	Volusia	Volusia Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Volusia, Flagler	90
8	Alachua	Alachua Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Alachua, Baker, Bradford, Columbia, Dixie, Gilchrist, Hamilton, Lafayette, Levy, Suwanee, Union,	72
9	Orange	Orange Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Orange	151
9	Osceola	Osceola Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Osceola	50
10	Polk	Polk Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Polk, Hardee, Highlands	90
11	Miami-Dade	Miami-Dade Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Miami-Dade	226
12	Manatee	Manatee Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Manatee, Sarasota, DeSoto	72
13	Hillsborough	Hillsborough Regional Juvenile Detention Center - East	Hillsborough	50
13	Hillsborough	Hillsborough Regional Juvenile Detention Center - West	Hillsborough	93
14	Bay	Bay Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Bay, Calhoun, Gulf, Holmes, Jackson,	52
15	Palm Beach	Palm Beach Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Palm Beach	93
16	Monroe	Monroe Regional Detention Center	Monroe	15
17	Broward	Broward Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Broward	109
18	Brevard	Brevard Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Brevard	52
18	Seminole	Seminole Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Seminole	39
19	St. Lucie	St. Lucie Regional Juvenile Detention Center	St. Lucie, Indian River, Martin, Okeechobee	78
20	Collier	Collier Regional Juvenile Detention	Collier	50
20	Lee	Southwest Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Lee, Hendry, Glades, Charlotte	60
Total				2,057

Program Profiles

Secure Detention. When the utilization rate is under 100%, the detention center is, on average, operating below its designed capacity. When this rate is over 100%, the detention center is, on average, operating above its designed capacity. The consequences of over-utilization include overcrowding and higher youth-to-staff ratios. During FY 2007-08, the average daily population in secure detention centers was 1,643 youth and the average length of stay was 11 days. There were 51,071 admissions and 5,439 transfers to Florida's 26 secure detention centers. Transfers include transfers to home detention, other detention centers and commitment programs. Utilization statistics for secure detention facilities during FY 2007-08 are presented in the table below.

Secure Detention Utilization (FY 2007-08)

Facility	Average Daily Population	Total Service Days	Operating Capacity	Average Utilization Rate	Daily Population		Admissions	Transfers In	Average Length of Stay ¹
					Minimum	Maximum			
Secure Detention									
Alachua	61	22,309	72	85%	37	86	1,840	227	11
Bay	31	11,331	52	60%	12	47	838	137	12
Brevard	48	17,617	52	93%	32	73	1,463	170	11
Broward	108	39,447	109	99%	71	147	3,781	312	10
Collier	40	14,467	50	79%	19	64	1,007	208	12
Duval	108	39,670	144	75%	82	142	2,858	262	13
Escambia	57	20,920	50	114%	40	76	1,772	196	11
Hillsborough East	48	17,572	50	96%	28	67	1,612	315	9
Hillsborough West	71	25,985	93	76%	44	102	2,627	141	9
Leon	43	15,728	56	77%	23	64	1,064	78	13
Manatee	57	20,782	72	79%	36	80	1,687	132	11
Marion	80	29,140	88	90%	54	108	1,858	208	14
Miami-Dade	139	50,999	226	62%	108	192	4,359	250	11
Monroe	5	1,920	15	35%	1	14	134	16	13
Okaloosa	33	11,949	50	65%	17	55	737	200	13
Orange	117	42,927	151	78%	74	172	4,587	369	9
Osceola	30	10,969	50	60%	11	50	1,355	247	7
Palm Beach	90	33,105	93	97%	66	124	2,738	437	11
Pasco	42	15,341	57	74%	24	63	1,264	243	10
Pinellas	96	35,120	120	80%	69	124	2,949	251	11
Polk	64	23,349	90	71%	43	82	1,942	78	12
Seminole	39	14,221	39	100%	17	61	1,327	205	9
St. Johns	25	9,265	50	51%	9	61	736	88	11
St. Lucie	71	26,067	78	91%	41	105	2,378	199	10
SW Florida	67	24,506	60	112%	48	92	2,191	266	10
Volusia	73	26,776	90	81%	47	97	1,967	204	12
Statewide	1,643	601,482	2,057	80%	1,367	1,908	51,071	5,439	11

¹ Average length of stay is computed for youth released during FY 2007-08.

Program Evaluation

Detention services are evaluated through the Department's quality assurance process using a set of standards developed specifically for detention programs. Standards are based on the criteria set by national standards, state policy, and Florida Statutes.

Quality Assurance Performance

The following table ranks the detention centers based on their 2008 QA performance score. The St. Johns Regional Juvenile Detention Center operated by the Florida Department of Juvenile Justice received the highest performance rating with an 87%.

Detention QA Performance Rankings

Rank	Circuit	County	Program Name	QA Score
Provider Operated Conditional Release Programs				
1	7	St. Johns	St. Johns Regional Juvenile Detention Center	87%
2	18	Brevard	Brevard Regional Juvenile Detention Center	85%
3	1	Okaloosa	Okaloosa Regional Juvenile Detention Center	82%
4	4	Duval	Duval Regional Juvenile Detention Center	80%
4	5	Marion	Marion Regional Juvenile Detention Center	80%
4	6	Pasco	Pasco Regional Juvenile Detention Center	80%
4	18	Seminole	Seminole Regional Juvenile Detention Center	80%
4	7	Volusia	Volusia Regional Juvenile Detention Center	80%
5	14	Bay	Bay Regional Juvenile Detention Center	79%
6	8	Alachua	Alachua Regional Juvenile Detention Center	78%
6	11	Miami-Dade	Miami-Dade Regional Juvenile Detention Center	78%
6	10	Polk	Polk Regional Juvenile Detention Center	78%
7	13	Hillsborough	Hillsborough Regional Juvenile Detention Center - East	77%
8	20	Collier	Collier Regional Juvenile Detention Center	76%
8	2	Leon	Leon Regional Juvenile Detention Center	76%
8	16	Monroe	Monroe Regional Juvenile Detention Center	76%
8	9	Orange	Orange Regional Juvenile Detention Center	76%
9	12	Manatee	Manatee Regional Juvenile Detention Center	75%
9	19	St. Lucie	St. Lucie Regional Juvenile Detention Center	75%
10	1	Escambia	Escambia Regional Juvenile Detention Center	74%
10	13	Hillsborough	Hillsborough Regional Juvenile Detention Center - West	74%
10	9	Osceola	Osceola Regional Juvenile Detention Center	74%
10	15	Palm Beach	Palm Beach Regional Juvenile Detention Center	74%
10	6	Pinellas	Pinellas Regional Juvenile Detention Center	74%
10	20	Lee	Southwest Florida Regional Juvenile Detention Center	74%
11	17	Broward	Broward Regional Juvenile Detention Center	70%