



# 2018 Comprehensive Accountability Report

## DETENTION SERVICES

Dixie Fosler  
Assistant Secretary of Detention Services  
(850) 921-6292  
Dixie.Fosler@djj.state.fl.us

Prepared by:  
Office of Research and Data Integrity  
Florida Department of Juvenile Justice  
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**MISSION:** *To increase public safety by reducing juvenile delinquency through effective prevention, intervention and treatment services that strengthen families and turn around the lives of troubled youth.*

Detention is utilized for youth who are held pursuant to a court order or have been arrested for a violation of the law and when less restrictive interim placement alternatives prior to adjudication and disposition are not appropriate. In Florida, a youth may be detained only when specific statutory criteria, outlined in section 985.255, Florida Statutes, are met. Current offenses, prior history, legal status, and any aggravating or mitigating factors are considered when determining detention placement. The Florida Legislature placed restrictions on the use of detention through intent language that is outlined in section 985.02 (4), Florida Statutes. A Detention Risk Assessment Instrument (DRAI) is completed by the Department's detention screening staff to determine whether the youth is to be placed into detention care. The Department, in agreement with representatives appointed by the Conference of Circuit Judges, the Prosecuting Attorneys Association, the Public Defenders Association, the Florida Sheriffs Association, and the Florida Association of Chiefs of Police developed this instrument in accordance with section 985.245, Florida Statutes. More information on the DRAI can be found on the Department's website at this link: <http://www.djj.state.fl.us/research/latest-initiatives/detention-risk-assessment-instrument>.

A youth taken into custody and placed into detention care is given a detention hearing within 24 hours after being taken into custody. This hearing is conducted by a circuit judge who reviews the arrest affidavit to determine whether there is probable cause to believe the youth committed the delinquent act and the DRAI to determine if there is a need for continued detention. Section 985.03 (18), Florida Statutes defines the two types of detention care, as follows:

**Secure Detention**

Secure detention is the temporary custody of the child while the child is under the physical restriction of a secure detention center or facility pending adjudication, disposition, or placement.

**Nonsecure Detention**

Nonsecure detention is the temporary, nonsecure custody of the child while the child is released to the custody of the parent, guardian, or custodian in a physically nonrestrictive environment under the supervision of Department staff pending adjudication, disposition, or placement. Forms of nonsecure detention include, but are not limited to, home detention, electronic monitoring, day reporting centers, evening reporting centers, and nonsecure shelters.

## Profile of Youth

The following tables provide demographic data taken from the Department's Juvenile Justice Information System (JJIS). The Profile data are based on the number of youth, unduplicated by type, who were served through detention services during FY 2017-18. A total of 14,010 individual youth were served through secure detention, 9,662 were served through home detention, and 3,381 were served through electronic monitoring during FY 2017-18.

**Table 1**

**Profile of Youth Served Statewide by Gender + Race/Ethnicity (FY 2017-18)**

Placement	Secure Detention (N=14,010)		Home Detention (N=9,662)		Electronic Monitoring (N=3,381)	
<i>Male</i>						
White	3,164	23%	2,358	24%	675	20%
Black	6,229	44%	4,081	42%	1,728	51%
Hispanic	1,706	12%	1,188	12%	421	12%
Other	40	0%	27	0%	13	0%
<i>Female</i>						
White	988	7%	633	7%	175	5%
Black	1,462	10%	1,091	11%	294	9%
Hispanic	407	3%	277	3%	74	2%
Other	14	0%	7	0%	1	0%

*Source:* Florida Department of Juvenile Justice, Office of Research & Data Integrity

**Table 2**

**Profile of Youth Served Statewide by Age (FY 2017-18)**

Placement	Secure Detention (N=14,010)		Home Detention (N=9,662)		Electronic Monitoring (N=3,381)	
<i>Age</i>						
11 and under	132	1%	202	2%	24	1%
12	296	2%	302	3%	69	2%
13	803	6%	723	7%	194	6%
14	1,527	11%	1,226	13%	404	12%
15	2,556	18%	1,849	19%	704	21%
16	3,515	25%	2,339	24%	881	26%
17	3,917	28%	2,490	26%	937	28%
18+	1,264	9%	531	5%	168	5%

*Source:* Florida Department of Juvenile Justice, Office of Research & Data Integrity

### Detention Program Listing by Judicial Circuit

The following table provides a listing of the 21 state-operated and 3 county-operated juvenile detention facilities operating during FY 2017-18. The centers are listed by judicial circuit and county location of the facility, facility name, catchment area, and number of beds.

**Table 3**

**Detention Program Listings by Circuit**

Circuit	County	Facility Name	County Catchment Area	Fixed Beds
1	Escambia	Escambia Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Escambia, Santa Rosa	60
1	Okaloosa	Okaloosa Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Okaloosa, Walton	30
2	Leon	Leon Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Leon, Gadsden, Jefferson, Franklin, Liberty, Madison, Taylor, Wakulla	40
4	Duval	Duval Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Duval, Clay, Nassau	100
5	Marion	Marion Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Marion, Citrus, Hernando, Lake, Sumter	60
6	Pasco	Pasco Juvenile Detention Center	Pasco	36
6	Pinellas	Pinellas Juvenile Detention Center	Pinellas	100
7	Volusia	Volusia Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Volusia, Flagler, St. Johns	50
8	Alachua	Alachua Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Alachua, Baker, Bradford, Columbia, Dixie, Gilchrist, Hamilton, Lafayette, Levy, Suwanee, Union, Putnam	42
9	Orange	Orange Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Orange, Osceola, Seminole	110
11	Miami-Dade	Miami-Dade Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Miami-Dade, Monroe	100
12	Manatee	Manatee Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Manatee, Sarasota, DeSoto, Highlands	60
13	Hillsborough	Hillsborough Juvenile Detention Center	Hillsborough	80
14	Bay	Bay Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Bay, Calhoun, Gulf, Holmes, Jackson, Washington	30
15	Palm Beach	Palm Beach Juvenile Detention Center	Palm Beach	60
16	Monroe	Monroe Juvenile Detention Center	Monroe	10
17	Broward	Broward Juvenile Detention Center	Broward	95
18	Brevard	Brevard Juvenile Detention Center	Brevard	40
19	St. Lucie	St. Lucie Regional Juvenile Detention Center	St. Lucie, Indian River, Martin, Okeechobee	50
20	Collier	Collier Juvenile Detention	Collier	40
20	Lee	Southwest Regional Juvenile Detention Center	Lee, Hendry, Glades, Charlotte	50
<b>State-Operated Total (FY 2017-18)</b>				<b>1,243</b>
5	Marion	Marion County Sheriff's Office Jail	Marion	256
10	Polk	Polk County Sherriff's Office Jail	Polk	288
18	Seminole	Seminole County Sheriff's Office Jail	Seminole	56
<b>County-Operated Total (FY 2017-18)</b>				<b>600</b>
<b>Total</b>				<b>1,843</b>

Source: Florida Department of Juvenile Justice, Office of Research & Data Integrity

## Program Profiles

**Secure Detention** - When the utilization rate is under 100%, the detention center is, on average, operating below its designed capacity. When this rate is over 100%, the detention center is, on average, operating above its designed capacity. The consequences of overutilization include overcrowding and higher youth-to-staff ratios. During FY 2017-18, the average daily population in state-operated secure detention centers was 1,057 youth and the average length of stay was 14 days. There were 24,699 admissions and 6,990 transfers in Florida's 21 state-operated secure detention centers. The first placement into a detention facility per arrest (referral) is counted as the admission. Any subsequent placements in detention on the same arrest are counted as transfers. Utilization statistics for all secure detention facilities during FY 2017-18 are presented in the table below.

**Table 4**  
**Profile of Secure Detention Utilization (FY 2017-18)**

Facility	Average	Total	Operating	Average	Daily Population		Admissions	Transfers	Average
	Daily	Service		Utilization	Minimum	Maximum			In
	Population	Days	Capacity	Rate					of Stay <sup>1</sup>
Alachua	42	15,164	42	99%	27	63	750	176	17
Bay	25	9,273	30	85%	12	38	576	76	14
Brevard	29	10,536	40	72%	9	80	789	211	10
Broward	61	22,333	95	64%	4	100	1,839	884	8
Collier	22	8,157	40	56%	0	34	463	94	14
Duval	86	31,414	100	86%	55	104	1,375	193	20
Escambia	59	21,598	60	99%	27	88	1,141	194	16
Hillsborough	67	24,310	80	83%	40	87	2,185	322	10
Leon	44	16,117	40	110%	24	72	957	550	11
Manatee	42	15,482	60	71%	24	63	684	235	17
Marion	44	16,227	60	74%	26	66	838	585	11
Miami-Dade	95	34,552	100	95%	4	117	1,617	672	15
Monroe	1	541	10	15%	0	7	29	13	14
Okaloosa	20	7,451	30	68%	10	62	447	474	8
Orange	101	36,828	110	92%	64	140	2,887	584	11
Palm Beach	47	17,127	60	78%	1	68	1,510	403	9
Pasco	25	9,275	36	71%	15	38	527	167	14
Pinellas	100	36,384	100	100%	1	138	2,541	495	12
St. Lucie	48	17,647	50	97%	32	69	1,173	216	13
Southwest Florida	46	16,835	50	92%	19	67	1,330	224	11
Volusia	51	18,562	50	102%	0	72	1,041	222	15
<b>State-Operated Total</b>	<b>1,057</b>	<b>385,813</b>	<b>1,243</b>	<b>85%</b>	<b>682</b>	<b>1,202</b>	<b>24,699</b>	<b>6,990</b>	<b>14</b>
Marion (County-Operated)	21	7,791	256	8%	7	34	499	11	15
Polk (County-Operated)	33	12,020	288	11%	19	51	1,051	32	11
Seminole (County-Operated)	36	13,292	56	65%	18	59	727	189	15
<b>County-Operated Total</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>33,103</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>15%</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>131</b>	<b>2,277</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>14</b>
<b>Statewide Total</b>	<b>1,148</b>	<b>418,916</b>	<b>1,843</b>	<b>62%</b>	<b>760</b>	<b>1,289</b>	<b>26,976</b>	<b>7,222</b>	<b>14</b>

<sup>1</sup> Average length of stay is calculated for youth released from the facility during FY 2017-18.

Source: Florida Department of Juvenile Justice, Office of Research & Data Integrity

## Program Expenditures

The following table provides a listing of the FY 2017-18 state expenditures for each detention facility. Expenditures are obtained from the Department's Bureau of Finance and Accounting and Detention Services.

**Table 5**  
**Program Expenditures (FY 2017-18)**

Detention Center	Beds <sup>1</sup>	060000						100777, 100778	TOTAL Expenditures
		010000 Salaries & Benefits	030000 OPS	040000 Expenses	Operating Capital Outlay	070000 Food	OTHER	Contracted Services & Expenses	
Alachua	42	\$2,571,082.10	\$94,132.01	\$234,783.88	\$11,436.92	\$67,210.04	\$136,757.49	\$542,691.30	\$3,658,093.74
Bay	30	\$1,871,152.49	\$16,576.46	\$133,821.11	\$5,831.53	\$42,324.07	\$30,938.24	\$470,234.40	\$2,570,878.30
Brevard	40	\$1,931,207.78	\$20,043.39	\$160,681.88	\$26,760.59	\$54,402.89	\$314,823.89	\$474,262.47	\$2,982,182.89
Broward	95	\$3,991,156.77	\$24,372.95	\$329,558.96	\$45,921.46	\$111,416.13	\$336,738.09	\$1,172,503.96	\$6,011,668.32
Collier	40	\$1,799,211.43	\$12,921.86	\$119,933.17	\$0.00	\$23,769.54	\$136,870.32	\$403,619.58	\$2,496,325.90
Dade	100	\$5,464,661.66	\$68,232.89	\$729,893.05	\$12,790.51	\$185,047.67	\$460,593.04	\$1,678,325.36	\$8,599,544.18
Duval	100	\$3,711,940.51	\$80,987.66	\$295,063.41	\$12,492.50	\$115,020.80	\$297,483.28	\$882,954.41	\$5,395,942.57
Escambia	60	\$2,373,434.88	\$43,711.95	\$532,444.72	\$14,108.41	\$81,056.44	\$224,050.09	\$561,259.15	\$3,830,065.64
Hillsborough	80	\$3,305,363.53	\$44,207.99	\$348,528.52	\$16,713.65	\$117,351.95	\$457,881.94	\$825,192.09	\$5,115,239.67
Leon	40	\$2,292,117.11	\$36,107.47	\$186,111.52	\$44,040.00	\$69,539.46	\$340,082.60	\$515,405.07	\$3,483,403.23
Manatee	60	\$2,411,112.78	\$32,303.07	\$188,540.23	\$6,166.03	\$75,266.19	\$255,933.37	\$515,636.72	\$3,484,958.39
Marion	60	\$2,733,583.79	\$39,988.36	\$278,472.70	\$16,302.03	\$62,512.74	\$152,131.81	\$532,755.18	\$3,815,746.61
Monroe	10	\$721,916.27	\$3,515.36	\$26,667.05	\$0.00	\$883.50	\$12,172.10	\$73,673.47	\$838,827.75
Okaloosa	30	\$1,961,994.50	\$58,887.90	\$176,636.29	\$4,091.87	\$29,664.29	\$309,775.78	\$380,640.55	\$2,921,691.18
Orange	110	\$4,362,187.49	\$29,228.63	\$447,762.44	\$77,845.76	\$171,692.73	\$478,542.95	\$1,318,866.30	\$6,886,126.30
Palm Beach	60	\$3,066,650.78	\$18,198.19	\$286,040.80	\$1,553.74	\$100,607.01	\$342,115.43	\$878,161.39	\$4,693,327.34
Pasco	36	\$2,048,127.61	\$69,456.57	\$159,268.87	\$32,427.42	\$41,057.82	\$190,919.29	\$322,897.69	\$2,864,155.27
Pinellas	100	\$4,001,237.18	\$60,183.27	\$510,368.14	\$22,838.61	\$147,864.21	\$482,881.03	\$1,110,515.16	\$6,335,887.60
Southwest	50	\$2,641,772.03	\$24,357.37	\$209,019.28	\$0.00	\$76,762.91	\$272,842.19	\$750,186.06	\$3,974,939.84
St. Lucie	50	\$2,947,207.68	\$162,454.01	\$237,983.02	\$4,870.17	\$88,426.34	\$308,458.87	\$840,175.66	\$4,589,575.75
Volusia	50	\$3,204,228.07	\$15,907.97	\$205,293.37	\$9,105.91	\$80,013.97	\$218,130.90	\$606,350.43	\$4,339,030.62
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1243</b>	<b>\$59,411,346.44</b>	<b>\$955,775.33</b>	<b>\$5,796,872.41</b>	<b>\$365,297.11</b>	<b>\$1,741,890.70</b>	<b>\$5,760,122.70</b>	<b>\$14,856,306.40</b>	<b>\$88,887,611.09</b>

<sup>1</sup>Bed Counts effective during FY 2017-18

Sources: Florida Department of Juvenile Justice, Office of Administration, Finance & Accounting